### How we revise at...



# Countesthorpe Academy

This is going to help the important things stick in your head, and that's what revision is all about. Start with <u>blurting</u>.

#### **Blurting**



It's all about testing yourself repeatedly and it engages <u>active</u> <u>recall</u> to help you remember.

- Open your book, revision guide or cue cards and make sure you understand everything you're reviewing.
- Put it away so you can't see it. Grab paper and a pen. Write down everything you remembered from your notes.
- 3. Now get out your book, revision guide, cue cards and check to see what you have written. In a different colour add anything you missed. Correct your mistakes.

Use the <u>Pomodoro</u>
<u>Technique</u> to
manage your time
and work effectively.

## Pomodoro Technique



The perfect blend of study and rest.

- 1. Choose a task e.g. blurting, funnelling or working on a past paper.
- 2. Set a timer for 25 minutes
- 3. Work on a task up to the timer.
- 4. Take a short break (5 minutes)
- 5. Every 4 Pomodoros, take a longer break.

Improve your knowledge with <u>funnelling</u> then test your knowledge with <u>Past Papers</u>. Find out your knowledge gaps.... and repeat.

Funnelling is similar to blurting but helps you edit your notes very quickly.

#### **Funnelling**

Funnelling is a great way
to ensure you have
covered the information
several times, and end up
with a really good
understanding of
everything from the big to
the small.



1. Write down everything about a topic – use sentences, bullets or diagrams.

2.Take one sheet of paper and, from memory, write it out again. Max one page.

3.Look at your work and try to identify the most important thing. Take a post-it or flashcard and write down the most important information from memory.

4.That's the key thing but you'll want more detail for the exam, so next, take one sheet of paper again and write as much as you can remember. Compare it to your original notes in step two, add in anything you missed in a different colour.

5. Now do step one again, this time from memory and compare it to the original step one, add in what's missing in a different colour.

